

## In the Claims:

**3**3

1. (Original) A method of generating cultured chondrocytes, the method comprising:

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- (a) isolating chondrocytes from mandibular condyle tissue; and
- (b) culturing said isolated chondrocytes, thereby generating cultured chondrocytes.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (a) comprises:
- (c) selectively removing fibroblast-like cells and/or myocytes from said mandibular condyle tissue, thereby generating modified mandibular condyle tissue depleted of said fibroblast-like cells and/or said myocytes, said modified mandibular condyle tissue including chondrocytes; and
- (d) selectively harvesting said chondrocytes from said modified mandibular condyle tissue.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein step (c) is effected by incubating said mandibular condyle tissue with a protease.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein step (d) is effected by incubating said modified mandibular condyle tissue with a protease so as to selectively release chondrocytes therefrom.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, further comprising isolating said chondrocytes released from said modified mandibular condyle tissue.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions devoid of a three dimensional support.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions devoid of a biomolecule-coated support.

- 8. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein said three dimensional support is selected from the group consisting of a bead matrix, a gel, a polymer scaffold and a semi-solid substance.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein said biomolecule is selected from the group consisting of a polypeptide, an extracellular matrix component, collagen, type I collagen, type II collagen and fibronectin.

## 10. (cancelled)

- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions including a culture medium devoid of at least one supplement selected from the group consisting of a microfilament-modifying compound, a protein kinase inhibitor, and a polypeptide growth factor, wherein said supplement is not derived from a serum supplement of said culture medium.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said microfilament-modifying compound is selected from the group consisting of dihydrocytochalasin B, staurosporine, and an actin filament-modifying compound.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said protein kinase inhibitor is staurosporine and/or a PKC inhibitor.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said polypeptide growth factor is selected from the group consisting of TGF, FGF, and IGF.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein said TGF is TGF-beta 1.
  - 16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein said FGF is FGF-2.
  - 17. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein said IGF is IGF-I.
  - 18. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) is effected

using culturing conditions which are normoxic.

- 19. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions which include culturing a subconfluent population of said isolated chondrocytes.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) is effected for a minimum duration selected from a range of 5-21 days.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) includes passaging said cultured chondrocytes a predetermined minimum number of times.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein said predetermined minimum number of times is four times.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said mandibular condyle tissue is derived from a mammal.
- 24. (Withdrawn) A method of generating cultured endochondral bone cells, the method comprising:
  - (a) isolating chondrocytes from mandibular condyle tissue; and
  - (b) culturing said isolated chondrocytes under conditions suitable for formation of endochondral bone cells, thereby generating cultured endochondral bone cells.
  - 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein step (a) comprises:
  - (c) selectively removing fibroblast-like cells and/or myocytes from said mandibular condyle tissue, thereby generating modified mandibular condyle tissue depleted of said fibroblast-like cells and/or said myocytes, said modified mandibular condyle tissue including chondrocytes; and
  - (d) selectively harvesting said chondrocytes from said modified mandibular condyle tissue.

- 26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 25, wherein step (c) is effected by incubating said mandibular condyle tissue with a protease.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 25, wherein step (d) is effected by incubating said modified mandibular condyle tissue with a protease so as to release said chondrocytes therefrom.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 27, further comprising isolating said chondrocytes released from said modified mandibular condyle tissue.
- 29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions devoid of a three dimensional support.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions devoid of a biomolecule-coated support.
- 31. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein said three dimensional support is selected from the group consisting of a bead matrix, a gel, a polymer scaffold and a semi-solid substance.
- 32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 30, wherein said biomolecule is selected from the group consisting of a polypeptide, an extracellular matrix component, collagen, type I collagen, type II collagen and fibronectin.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions which comprise a culture medium including at least one supplement selected from the group consisting of ascorbic acid, beta-glycerophosphate, pyruvate and IGF-I.
- 34. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions including a culture medium devoid of at least one supplement selected from the group consisting of a microfilament-modifying

compound, a protein kinase inhibitor, and a polypeptide growth factor, wherein said supplement is not derived from a serum supplement of said culture medium.

- 35. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34, wherein said microfilament-modifying compound is selected from the group consisting of dihydrocytochalasin B, staurosporine, and an actin filament-modifying compound.
- 36. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34, wherein said protein kinase inhibitor is staurosporine and/or a PKC inhibitor.
- 37. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 34 wherein said polypeptide growth factor is selected from the group consisting of TGF, FGF, and IGF.
- 38. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein said TGF is TGF-beta 1.
  - 39. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein said FGF is FGF-2.
  - 40. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 37, wherein said IGF is IGF-I.
- 41. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions which are normoxic.
- 42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions which include culturing a subconfluent population of said isolated chondrocytes.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein step (b) is effected for a minimum duration selected from a range of 14-21 days.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 24, wherein said mandibular condyle tissue is derived from a mammal.

- 45. (Withdrawn) A method of redifferentiating dedifferentiated chondrocytes, the method comprising culturing dedifferentiated chondrocytes under culturing conditions which comprise a culture medium including at least one supplement selected from the group consisting of ascorbic acid, beta-glycerophosphate, pyruvate and IGF-I, said culturing conditions being devoid of a three dimensional support and/or of a biomolecule-coated support, thereby redifferentiating said dedifferentiated chondrocytes.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45, wherein said culture medium is devoid of at least one supplement selected from the group consisting of a microfilament-modifying compound, a protein kinase inhibitor, and a polypeptide growth factor, wherein said supplement selected from the group consisting of a microfilament-modifying compound, a protein kinase inhibitor, and a polypeptide growth factor is not derived from a serum supplement of said culture medium.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 46, wherein said microfilament-modifying compound is selected from the group consisting of dihydrocytochalasin B, staurosporine, and an actin filament-modifying compound.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 46, wherein said protein kinase inhibitor is staurosporine and/or a PKC inhibitor.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 46, wherein said polypeptide growth factor is selected from the group consisting of TGF, FGF, and IGF.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 49, wherein said TGF is TGF-beta 1.
  - 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 49, wherein said FGF is FGF-2.
  - 52. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 49, wherein said IGF is IGF-I.
  - 53. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45, wherein said three dimensional

support is selected from the group consisting of a bead matrix, a gel, a polymer scaffold and a semi-solid substance.

- 54. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45, wherein said biomolecule is selected from the group consisting of a polypeptide, an extracellular matrix component, collagen, type I collagen, type II collagen and fibronectin.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45, wherein said culturing conditions are normoxic.
- 56. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45, wherein said culturing conditions further comprise culturing a subconfluent population of said dedifferentiated chondrocytes.
- 57. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45, wherein culturing is effected for a minimum duration selected from a range of 1-6 days.
- 58. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 45, wherein said dedifferentiated chondrocytes are derived from mandibular condyle tissue.
- 59. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 58, wherein said mandibular condyle tissue is derived from a subadult organism and/or from a mouse.
- 60. (Withdrawn) Isolated mandibular condyle tissue comprising chondrocytes and being depleted of fibroblast-like cells and/or myocytes.
- 61. (Withdrawn) The isolated mandibular condyle tissue of claim 60, wherein said mandibular condyle tissue is mostly or completely depleted of fibroblast-like cells and/or myocytes.
- 62. (Withdrawn) The isolated mandibular condyle tissue of claim 60, wherein said mandibular condyle tissue is derived from a mammal.

- 63. (Withdrawn) A cell culture comprising isolated chondrocytes being capable of generating endochondral bone cells when cultured under culturing conditions which:
  - (i) include a two dimensional support not coated with a biomolecule; and
  - (ii) a culture medium devoid of a supplement selected from the group consisting of a microfilament-modifying compound, a protein kinase inhibitor and a polypeptide growth factor, said supplement not being derived from a serum supplement of said culture medium.
- 64. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said culturing conditions are devoid of a three dimensional support.
- 65. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said culturing conditions are devoid of a biomolecule-coated support.
- 66. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 64, wherein said three dimensional support is selected from the group consisting of a bead matrix, a gel, a polymer scaffold and a semi-solid substance.
- 67. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 65, wherein said biomolecule is selected from the group consisting of a polypeptide, an extracellular matrix component, collagen, type I collagen, type II collagen and fibronectin.
- 68. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said culture medium includes at least one supplement selected from the group consisting of ascorbic acid, beta-glycerophosphate, pyruvate and IGF-I.
- 69. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said microfilament-modifying compound is selected from the group consisting of dihydrocytochalasin B, staurosporine, and an actin filament-modifying compound.
- 70. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said protein kinase inhibitor is staurosporine and/or a PKC inhibitor.

- 71. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said polypeptide growth factor is selected from the group consisting of TGF, FGF, and IGF.
- 72. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 71, wherein said TGF is TGF-beta 1.
- 73. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 71, wherein said FGF is FGF-2.
  - 74. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 71, wherein said IGF is IGF-I.
- 75. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said culturing conditions are normoxic.
- 76. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said culturing conditions include culturing a subconfluent population of said isolated chondrocytes.
- 77. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said isolated chondrocytes are capable of generating said endochondral bone cells when cultured for a minimum duration selected from a range of 14-21 days.
- 78. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 63, wherein said isolated chondrocytes are derived from mandibular condyle tissue.
- 79. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 78, wherein said mandibular condyle tissue is derived from a mammal.
- 80. (Withdrawn) A method of treating a cartilage or bone disease in a subject, the method comprising:
  - (a) isolating chondrocytes from mandibular condyle tissue;
  - (b) culturing said isolated chondrocytes, thereby generating cultured chondrocytes; and
  - (c) administering a therapeutically effective dose of said cultured

chondrocytes to the subject, thereby treating the cartilage or bone disease in the subject.

- 81. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, further comprising isolating said cultured chondrocytes prior to step (c).
  - 82. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein step (a) comprises:
  - (d) selectively removing fibroblast-like cells and/or myocytes from said mandibular condyle tissue, thereby generating modified mandibular condyle tissue depleted of said fibroblast-like cells and/or said myocytes, said modified mandibular condyle tissue including chondrocytes; and
  - (e) selectively harvesting said chondrocytes from said modified mandibular condyle tissue.
- 83. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 82, wherein step (d) is effected by incubating said mandibular condyle tissue with a protease.
- 84. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 82, wherein step (e) is effected by incubating said modified mandibular condyle tissue with a protease so as to selectively release chondrocytes therefrom.
- 85. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 84, further comprising isolating said chondrocytes released from said modified mandibular condyle tissue.
- 86. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions devoid of a three dimensional support.
- 87. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions devoid of a biomolecule-coated support.
- 88. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 86, wherein said three dimensional support is selected from the group consisting of a bead matrix, a gel, a polymer scaffold and a semi-solid substance.

- 89. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 87, wherein said biomolecule is selected from the group consisting of a polypeptide, an extracellular matrix component, collagen, type I collagen, type II collagen and fibronectin.
- 90. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions which comprise a culture medium including at least one supplement selected from the group consisting of ascorbic acid, beta-glycerophosphate, pyruvate and IGF-I.
- 91. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions including a culture medium devoid of at least one supplement selected from the group consisting of a microfilament-modifying compound, a protein kinase inhibitor, and a polypeptide growth factor, wherein said supplement is not derived from a serum supplement of said culture medium.
- 92. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 91, wherein said microfilament-modifying compound is selected from the group consisting of dihydrocytochalasin B, staurosporine, and an actin filament-modifying compound.
- 93. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 91, wherein said protein kinase inhibitor is staurosporine and/or a PKC inhibitor.
- 94. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 91, wherein said polypeptide growth factor is selected from the group consisting of TGF, FGF, and IGF.
- 95. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 94, wherein said TGF is TGF-beta 1.
- 96. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 94, wherein said FGF is FGF-2.
  - 97. (Withdrawn) The cell culture of claim 94, wherein said IGF is IGF-I.

- 98. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions which are normoxic.
- 99. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein step (b) is effected using culturing conditions which include culturing a subconfluent population of said isolated chondrocytes.
- 100. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein step (b) is effected for a minimum duration selected from a range of 5-21 days.
- 101. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein step (b) includes passaging said cultured chondrocytes a predetermined minimum number of times.
- 102. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 101, wherein said predetermined minimum number of times is four times.
- 103. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 80, wherein said mandibular condyle tissue is derived from a mammal.
- 104. (Original) A method of isolating chondrocytes from mandibular condyle tissue, the method comprising:
  - (a) isolating mandibular condyle tissue from a mammal and treating the mandibular condyle tissue so as to selectively remove fibroblast-like cells and/or myocytes therefrom, thereby generating modified mandibular condyle tissue depleted of said fibroblast-like cells and/or said myocytes, said modified mandibular condyle tissue including chondrocytes; and
  - (b) selectively harvesting said chondrocytes from said modified mandibular condyle tissue, thereby isolating chondrocytes from mandibular condyle tissue.
- 105. (Original) The method of claim 104, wherein said treating the mandibular condyle tissue so as to selectively remove fibroblast-like cells and/or

myocytes therefrom is effected by incubating the mandibular condyle tissue with a protease.

- 106. (Original) The method of claim 104, wherein step (b) is effected by incubating said modified mandibular condyle tissue with a protease so as to selectively release chondrocytes therefrom.
- 107. (Original) The method of claim 106, further comprising isolating said chondrocytes released from said modified mandibular condyle tissue.